

# Assignment Class 12 Economics

## Topic- Indian Economy on the Eve of Independence

Time Allowed: 45 mins.

Maximum Marks: 20

- Q-1 Discuss any two causes of India's agricultural stagnation during the colonial rule. (3)
- Q-2 State the two fold motive for the systematic destabilization of indigenous Indian Industries in the British era. (3)
- Q-3 How did discriminatory trade policy contribute to the success of industrial revolution in Great Britain? (3)
- Q-4 Define Life expectancy. (1)
- Q-5 Define occupational structure. (1)
- Q-6 During the colonial rule, India was a \_\_\_\_\_ Finished products from/to Britain. (1)
- Q-7 \_\_\_\_\_ is a form of farming in which crops are produced to provide for the basic needs of the family. (1)
- True/False
- Q-8 On the eve of independence only heavy and basic industries were developed in the Indian economy. (1)
- Q-9 Infant mortality rate refers to the death rate of children below the age of 2 year per 1000 live births (1)
- Q-10 Muslin is a type of cotton textile which had its origin in Bengal. (1)
- Q-11 Match the following: (2)
- | Column -1   | Column-2 |
|---|----------|
| 1. Opening of Suez Canal                          | 1757     |
| 2. First railway bridge linking Bombay with Thane | 1869     |
| 3. Battle of Plassey                              | 1907     |
| 4. Setting up of TISCO                            | 1853     |
- Q-12 Assertion: Decline of handicraft industries led to increase in import of manufactured goods from Britain. (1)
- Reason: The Indian made goods could not withstand the foreign competition of machine made cheap goods.
- Q-13 Assertion: India experienced trade surplus during British rule. (1)
- Reason: British used the trade surplus to finance their administrative expenses in India.

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